SHIRE OF DENMARK

DRAFT TOWN PLANNING SCHEME POLICY

RAINWATER TANKS, RENEWABLE ENERGY <u>SYSTEMS</u> & GREYWATER RE-USE SYSTEMS

1. INTRODUCTION

The Shire of Denmark has prepared this policy to encourage landowners, developers and builders to incorporate <u>residential</u> rainwater tanks, renewable energy and greywater re-use systems <u>within residential areas</u>. This will to achieve a number of environmental benefits including:

- Reduced risk of future water restrictions in the future,
- Increased local awareness of water scarcity and sustainable usage,
- Promotes responsible use of water supplies and can reduce the demand on the Water Corporation supply network,
- Promote reduced energy consumption and usage to reduce reliance on the present Western Power supply network—which is at capacity,
- Encourage waterwise developments through recycling of greywater and other initiatives, and
- Promote an overall increased level of sustainability within the Shireresidential areas.

Whilst the introduction of this policy may result in additional costs for housing developments in the short-term, the economic benefits over the long-term are considerable. The desire to eEncouraginge residents to become more sustainable in their use of water and energy will also deliver benefits to the community as a whole over time.

The policy delivers on the <u>Council's Shire's</u> commitment to the community to promote environmentally <u>sensitive</u> development and create a sustainable community.

Whilst it is expected that some of the systems may <u>initially causecreate</u> some <u>concern to</u> <u>adjoining property ownerslocal disharmony or disquiet</u>, these are only expected in the short-term as <u>peoplethe residents</u> become used to these <u>new systems being implemented over time</u>. <u>For example, Tthe main-visual impacts from wind turbines relate to flicker from the blades, glint or reflection from the blades, and overshadowing and increased noise generated by the rotors and through mechanical wear as the system ages. <u>The main visual impacts from sSolar</u> energy systems <u>can cause relate to reflection from the panels surfaces</u> into adjoining properties. <u>There is also potential noise impacts from the operation of wind energy systems, particularly the movement of the rotors and this will increase over time as the generator becomes aged and mechanical parts wear.</u></u>

2. OBJECTIVES OF THE POLICY

The objectives of the Policy are as follows to:

- Improve the environmentally sustainability of housing <u>and other developments</u> within the Shire by lowering consumers' individual 'carbon footprints'.
- 2 Encourage the installation of rainwater tanks and, renewable energy and greywater re-use systems for within residential developments.

- Ensure that the streetscape and <u>local</u> amenity <u>values</u> of the local area <u>areis</u> not adversely affected through unacceptable visual or acoustic impacts from the operation of any renewable energy systems.
- Introduce standards for the siting and development of rainwater tanks and, renewable energy and greywater re-use systems.

3. DEFINITIONS AND APPLICATION OF THE POLICY

3.1 Policy Definitions

For the purpose of this Policy, the following <u>definitions</u> applyare <u>defined</u>:

'wind energy system'	shall mean any equipment that is used to convert and then store and/or transfer energy from the wind into usable electrical energy. The term shall includes any equipment used in the activity such as base, blades, generator, pole, tower, transformer, vane, wire, inverter, batteries etc.
'domestic wind energy system'	shall mean any wind energy system that is used tofor generateing electricity for domestic energy consumption with and has a rated capacity of 2.2kW or less and having a blade diameter of 2m or less.
'solar energy system'	shall mean any equipment that is used to convert and then store and/or transfer energy from the sun into usable energy including electricity, heat, steam or air through the use of solar or photovoltaic panels. The term shall includes any equipment used in the activity such as frame, panels, generator, transformer, inverter, batteries etc.
'greywater re-use system'	shall mean any equipment designed and used to treat and re-use domestic—greywater from a residential dwelling.
'total height'	shall mean the vertical height from natural ground level to the highest point of the system such as tip of generator blade or <u>highest point of</u> photovoltaic

3.2 Policy Application

This policy applies to all land within the <u>FR</u>esidential, <u>SP</u>ecial <u>FR</u>esidential, <u>SP</u>ecial <u>FR</u>ural, <u>FR</u>ural <u>mM</u>ultiple <u>OC</u>ccupancy, <u>HL</u>andscape <u>PP</u>rotection and <u>RF</u>ural zones in the scheme area. In addition, certain areas of the Shire including heritage places and some residential areas are covered by other planning scheme provisions or policies <u>and</u>. <u>In these cases</u>, proposals will <u>also</u> need to comply with theese requirements <u>also</u>.

frame/cell.

Those pProposals that meetachieve compliance with all of the acceptable development provisions below willdo not require planning consent approval to be issued by the Shire of Denmark as they are deemed acceptable and satisfy the established criteria set down.

Those pProposals that do not meetachieve all of the acceptable development provisions will require planning consent approval to be issued by the Shire of Demark before the system can be installed. Applicants will be required to submit details to show how the proposal can achieve the objectives of the policy.

Whilst Though not all rainwater tanks and renewable energy systems require formal approval, the Council Shire expects that the proponents will still strive to achieve the objectives of the policy.

The use of rainwater tanks for water supplies requires careful management and regular maintenance and upkeep (including cleaning gutters, de-sludging tanks, first flush bypass systems and mosquito control) to ensure that water quality is not affected by environmental and/or health contaminants. The Department of Health has prepared several factsheets on rainwater use including information about collection, storage and disinfection (see 'Water' link at http://www.public.health.wa.gov.au/). Proponents are encouraged to use these resources if considering the installation of rainwater tanks for potable water supplies.

4. POLICY

4.1 Acceptable Development Criteria

All rainwater tanks, renewable energy and greywater re use systems which Proposals that meetachieve all of the acceptable development criteria table below dowill not require planning consent to be issued, as they are deemed acceptable.

All pProponents must ensure that the installation, maintenance and operation of any renewable energy system is undertaken to ensure that effectively minimises any impacts, particularly through—visual and/or noise generation are managed effectively—and does not exceed the prescribed limits in the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations or other relevant legislation. In accordance with the planning scheme controls, iIf in the opinion of Council, the approved system or its use is causing nuisance or annoyance to neighbours or owner/occupiers of the land in the vicinity of the approved use, Council may under its planning scheme controls require the system to be modified to remove the nuisance or annoyance and address these concerns.

4.2 Conditional Development

Any proposal that does not meet all of the acceptable development criteria is required to obtain planning consent approval before the system can be installed and shall will be subject to planning consent approval conditions as determined by the Shire upon application:

	ACCEPTABLE DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA					
TYPE	SIZE, SITING & AMENITY	TOTAL HEIGHT	NOISE	SETBACKS		
RAINWATER TANK The use of rainwater tanks for water supplies requires careful management and regular maintenance and upkeep (including cleaning gutters, desludging tanks, first flush bypass systems and mosquito control) to ensure that water quality is not affected by environmental and/or health contaminants.	 Is used in accordance with the Department of Health's standard on water tanks. This includes but is not limited to a 'First Flush Water Diverter' (for detailed information refer: http://www.health.wa.gov.au/home/)see 'Water' link at http://www.public.health.wa.gov.au/). ForIn Residential, Special Rural, Rural Multiple Occupancy, Landscape Protection and Special Rural Zones, has a capacity of less than 45,000l and in thefor Rural zone has a capacity of less than 200,000l. Is not located between front of building and street. The tank (and any pumping equipment or structure) shall be coloured, toned or painted to complement the colours of the existing dwelling and/or outbuilding. Any runoff from the tank must not overflow onto adjoining properties. 	n/a	n/a	Residential Zone: In accordance with R-Codes. Special Residential, Special Rural, Landscape Protection and Rural Multiple Occupancy Zones: Is within approved building envelope or setbacks. Rural Zones: Is in accordance with setbacks prescribed by Town Planning Scheme No.3.		
WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS	 Is a domestic wind energy system. Has a maximum blade diameter of 2m or less. Is not located between front of building and street and/or is within the approved building envelope. The turbine is fitted with an automatic and/or manual braking system or over speed protection device. The generator, blades and tower structure shall be made of non-reflective materials or coloured, toned or painted to reduce reflection into adjoining properties. Electrical components and wiring shall not be visible from adjoining properties or public road etc. Any system that connects to the electricity or water supply shall comply with the requirements of the relevant government agency. In the Rural Zone, has a capacity of 5kW or less. 	Pole or Tower Mounted: 6m(maximum) in Residential, Special Residential and Landscape Protection Zones; 12m(maximum) in Touristand Rural Multiple Occupancy Zone; 15m(maximum) in Rural and Industrial Zones. Roof Mounted: 3maboveroof (maximum)	Comply with Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997. (Note: In the event of Council receiving neighbourhood noise complaints, the applicant will be responsible tofor providinge evidence from a suitablye qualified acoustic consultant to prove the system's compliance with the EP nNoise rRegulations).	Pole or Tower Mounted: To be setback from side and rear boundariesy setbacks equal to the total height of the system. Roof Mounted: To be setback a minimum of 7.5m from any major opening of any building on adjoining properties.		
SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEMS_ ROOF MOUNTED	 Be affixed <u>directly</u> to the roof. Be positioned to not detract from the building aesthetics or streetscape. The frame and structure shall be coloured, toned or 	n/a	n/a	n/a		

	painted to complement the roof colours of the existing dwelling and/or outbuilding. • Any system that connects to the electricity supply shall comply with the requirements of the relevant government agency.			
SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEMS - SOLAR TRACKING	 Is affixed to a purpose-designed tracking structure. Is designed and positioned to not detract from building and site aesthetics or streetscape. The frame and structure shall be coloured, toned or painted to complement the colours of the existing dwelling and/or outbuilding. Any system that connects to the electricity supply shall comply with the requirements of the relevant government agency. 	<u>6m</u>		To be setback from side and rear boundaries equal to the total height of the system.
GREYWATER RE-USE SYSTEM	 Is an approved system that is endorsed by the Department of Health for domestic greywater re-use purposes. Is installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations by a licensed plumber and is subject to an annual inspection. Is used for non-potable (not drinking) purposes. 	n/a	n/a	n/a

Note: Rainwater tanks in Tourist, Commercial, Industrial and Professional Office are to comply with Town Planning Scheme No.3 development standards in accordance with Clause 5 of this Policy.

5. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

Where a proposal does not meet all of the acceptable development criteria, applicants shall provide the following information for assessment:

- Completed Planning Consent Application Form and Payment of Application Fee.
- 2 Four (4) <u>copies of plans</u> to scale and written information providing the following details:

Site Details

- Site plan showing all boundaries, proposed position and setbacks of rainwater tank or renewable energy system, lot number, dimensions, contours, north point and street names.
- Details of all buildings on any adjoining properties.

Proposal Details

- Details <u>onof</u> rainwater tank or renewable energy system design including <u>proposed</u> purpose for the <u>rainwater tank or renewable energy</u> system, capacities/volumes, estimates of water use/savings<u>_ and</u> information on noise and visual impacts on adjoining properties and public roads, streetscape etc.
- If proposing to connect the system to the Western Power grid or Water Corporation sewer or water supply networks, a copy of the agreement between the proponent and the Agency that the system complies with their requirements.

All aApplications that do not comply <u>fully</u> with the acceptable development criteria will be referred (for a period of 21-days) to adjoining landowners to <u>enable for</u> comment to be received prior to the application being considered by the Shire.